The Arab-Israeli Wars: War and Peace in the Middle East from the War of Independence to Lebanon

Chaim Herzog

The Arab-Israeli Wars: War and Peace in the Middle East from the War of Independence to Lebanon. The Arab-Israeli Wars: War and Peace in the Middle East from the 1948 War of Independence to Lebanon. Chaim, Herzog, 1918-1997. Language: THE ARAB-ISRAELI WARS: WAR AND PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST FROM THE WAR OF INDEPENDENCE TO LEBANON. CLIO History Journal - Obstacles to Peace in Israel-Palestine. The 1948 Arab–Israeli War or the First Arab–Israeli War was fought between the Arab and Israeli sides. The conflict triggered significant demographic change throughout the Middle East. The 1973 Yom Kippur War marked a significant turning point in the conflict.

The conflict has been ongoing for decades, with wars including the pullout from Lebanon, both intifadas, the first Gulf War, the Oslo Accords, and the Madrid Conference. The conflict continues to shape the region and its politics.

The Middle East was a region of frequent conflict, with Wars which were not directly related to the Arab-Israeli conflict, like the Yemen war. The 1973 Yom Kippur War, the 1982 Lebanon War, and the 1991 Gulf War. The 1948 Arab–Israeli War marked a significant turning point in the conflict. Since then, the region has seen a series of wars, including the pullout from Lebanon, both intifadas, the first Gulf War, the Oslo Accords, and the Madrid Conference.

The conflict continues to shape the region and its politics. In May 1948, Israel became an independent state after six Arab countries began fighting Israel. This conflict has been ongoing for decades, with wars including the pullout from Lebanon, both intifadas, the first Gulf War, the Oslo Accords, and the Madrid Conference. The conflict continues to shape the region and its politics.

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independent state in 1943, but French troops would not. The Arab-Israeli Wars: War and Peace in the Middle East -
JStor AbeBooks.com: The Arab-Israeli Wars: War and Peace in the Middle East from the War of Independence
through Lebanon 9780394717463 by Herzog, Chaim Encyclopedia of the Arab-Israeli Conflict, The: A Political,. -
Google Books Result Both the Israelis and the Palestinians adamantly maintain that they have a right to the.
namely, the demand of the Arabs for national independence and their. Herzog, C., 1985, The Arab-Israeli Wars:
War and Peace in the Middle East Hirst, D., 2010, Beware of Small States: Lebanon, Battleground of the Middle
East,
After Israel declared its independence on May 14, 1948, the fighting intensified with other Arab forces joining the Palestinian Arabs in attacking territory in the former Palestinian mandate. On the eve of May 14, the Arabs launched an air attack on Tel Aviv, which the Israelis resisted. This action was followed by the invasion of the former Palestinian mandate by Arab armies from Lebanon, Syria, Iraq, and Egypt. Under separate agreements between Israel and the neighboring states of Egypt, Lebanon, Transjordan, and Syria, these bordering nations agreed to formal armistice lines. Israel gained some territory formerly granted to Palestinian Arabs under the United Nations resolution in 1947. Egypt and Jordan retained control over the Gaza Strip and the West Bank respectively.