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Book Reviews

Structured Development of Parallel Programs

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Structured Development of Parallel Programs

By Susanna Pelagatti
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Structured Development of Parallel Programs presents a structured programming methodology for parallel computations that ensures portability, programmability, and good performance. The book's ultimate goal is to develop a suitable programming language for parallel programming and its compiler. This language is meant to deliver typical parallel constructs (skeletons) and their realizations (templates) on various architectures.

The book's first half presents a critical analysis of the state of the art of parallel software development. It also closely examines several existing approaches to parallel programming, concluding that template-based systems are the best compromise. In this approach, the programmer selects skeletons and their conversion rules, then uses them to build a program. Its performance might not match that of a low-level graph-based approach, but it is predictable and easily ensures programmability and portability.

The book's second half describes the P3L template-based methodology and its realization as the P3L language and its compiler, offering application examples. The author maintains that the template-based system gives rise to accurate performance models for the skeletons library designer as well as for the programmer. The technical and mapping details are left to the skeleton library designer, who can fully exploit specific properties of particular skeletons. The P3L methodology incorporates a small set of basic skeletons and their combination rules. Skeleton selection is based on the analysis of existing approaches. The skeletons reflect typical constructs that parallel program designers use.

The P3L methodology might be a good starting point for developing efficient high-level languages for parallel programming. It suggests how to ensure compromise between performance and portability and programmability. In any case, we should not treat it as something closed and finally established—high-level parallel programming languages continue to develop and improve.

Such high-level languages would let the programmer concentrate less on the details of the machine's architecture and more on the algorithm's design. The lack of high-level languages is one of the major obstacles hampering large, complex software projects and the development of computational algorithms. Currently, the progress of these languages is severely delayed compared to the pure parallel hardware performance. An efficient, high-level language for parallel programming available on computers with parallel processors and on clusters of machines used for distributed computations would be an important tool for people developing general theoretical and application-oriented algorithms.

This book should interest people working on parallel algorithms, but, more importantly, it should interest researchers and software engineers developing languages for parallel computations. It might also be of interest to both undergraduate and graduate computer science students because it does not require any special background. It can supplement material for courses devoted to programming languages and compilation techniques, especially for high-level parallel programming.

Start by marking "Structured Development of Parallel Programs" as Want to Read: Want to Read savingâ€¦ Want to Read. Currently Reading. Read. Structured Development by Susanna Pelagatti. Other editions.Â Weâ€™d love your help. Let us know whatâ€™s wrong with this preview of Structured Development of Parallel Programs by Susanna Pelagatti. Problem: Itâ€™s the wrong book Itâ€™s the wrong edition Other. Structured programming is a programming paradigm aimed at improving the clarity, quality, and development time of a computer program by making extensive use of the structured control flow constructs of selection (if/then/else) and repetition (while and for), block structures, and subroutines. It emerged in the late 1950s with the appearance of the ALGOL 58 and ALGOL 60 programming languages, with the latter including support for block structures. Contributing factors to its popularity and widespread